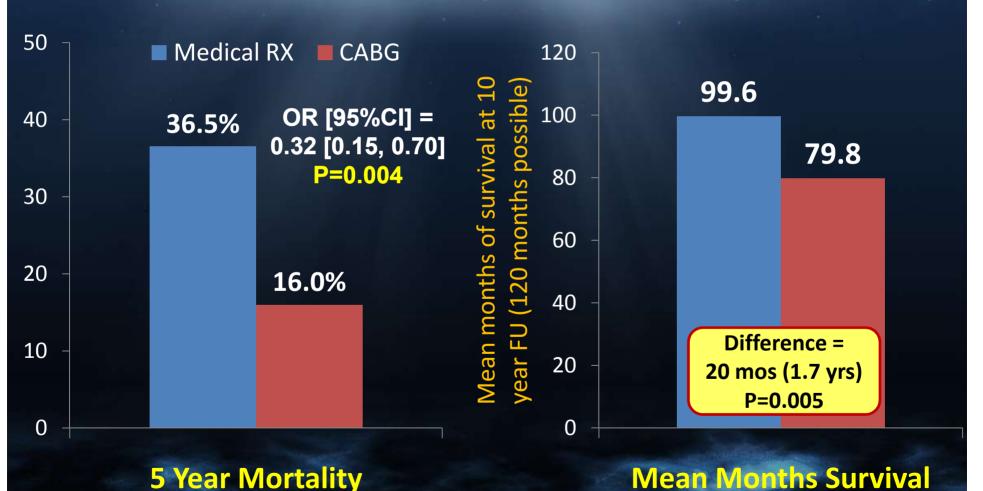
Motivation, Objective and Implication of EXCEL Study

Gregg W. Stone MD

Columbia University Medical Center
The Cardiovascular Research Foundation

CABG vs. Medical Therapy in LM Ds.

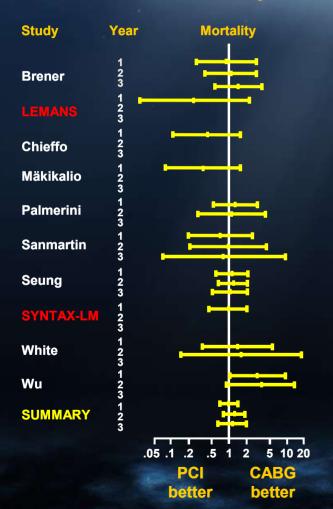
175 pts with left main disease were randomized to CABG vs. medical therapy in 2 studies (VA and EU)



Yusuf S et al. Lancet 1994;344:563-70

Meta-analysis of PCI vs. CABG for LM Ds.

10 studies (2 RCTs, 8 observational [7 matched or adjusted]) N=3,773 pts (2,114 CABG and 1,659 PCI [78.7% DES])



OR [95%CI] for mortality at each year

	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3
Random	1.00	1.27	1.11
effects	[0.70-1.41]	[0.83-1.94]	[0.66-1.86]
Fixed effects	0.97	1.28	1.11
	[0.71-1.33]	[0.84-1.94]	[0.66-1.85]
Heterogeneity	P=0.38	P=0.77	P=0.81

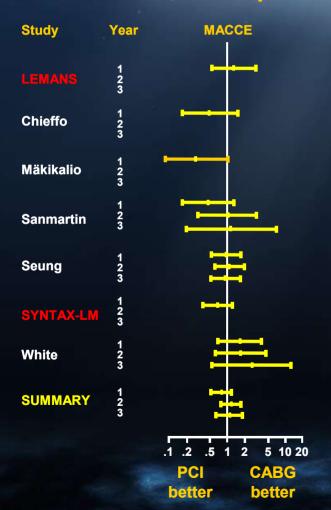
Year 1: 1,393 PCI pts and 1,932 CABG pts; Year 2: 528 PCI pts and 890 CABG pts; Year 3: 263 PCI pts and 578 CABG pts.

Naik H et al. *JACC CV Interv* 2009;8:739-47

Meta-analysis of PCI vs. CABG for LM Ds.

10 studies (2 RCTs, 8 observational [7 matched or adjusted])

N=3,773 pts (2,114 CABG and 1,659 PCI [78.7% DES])



OR [95%CI] for D/CVA/MI at each year

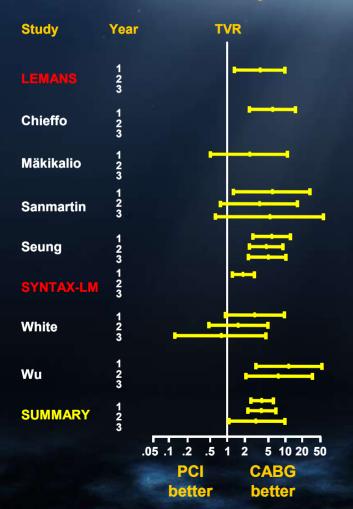
	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3
Random	0.84	1.25	1.16
effects	[0.57-1.22]	[0.81-1.94]	[0.68-1.98]
Fixed effects	0.82	1.25	1.16
	[0.62-1.09]	[0.81-1.94]	[0.68-1.96]
Heterogeneity	P=0.18	P=0.70	P=0.48

Year 1: 1,239 PCI pts and 1,614 CABG pts; Year 2: 432 PCI pts and 652 CABG pts; Year 3: 236 PCI pts and 451 CABG pts.

Naik H et al. *JACC CV Interv* 2009;8:739-47

Meta-analysis of PCI vs. CABG for LM Ds.

10 studies (2 RCTs, 8 observational [7 matched or adjusted])
N=3,773 pts (2,114 CABG and 1,659 PCI [78.7% DES])



OR [95%CI] for TVR at each year

	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3
Random	4.36	4.20	3.30
effects	[2.60-7.32]	[2.21-7.97]	[0.96-11.33]
Fixed effects	3.84	4.35	4.01
	[2.77-5.33]	[2.54-7.44]	[2.01-7.98]
Heterogeneity	P=0.38	P=0.38	P=0.38

Year 1: 1,240 PCI pts and 1,692 CABG pts; Year 2: 417 PCI pts and 699 CABG pts; Year 3: 211 PCI pts and 447 CABG pts.

Naik H et al. *JACC CV Interv* 2009;8:739-47

SYNTAX Eligible Patients



De novo disease (n=1800)

Limited Exclusion Criteria

- Previous interventions
- Acute MI with CPK>2x
- Concomitant cardiac surgery

Left Main Disease (isolated, +1, +2 or +3 vessels)

3 Vessel Disease (revasc all 3 vascular territories)

N = 705

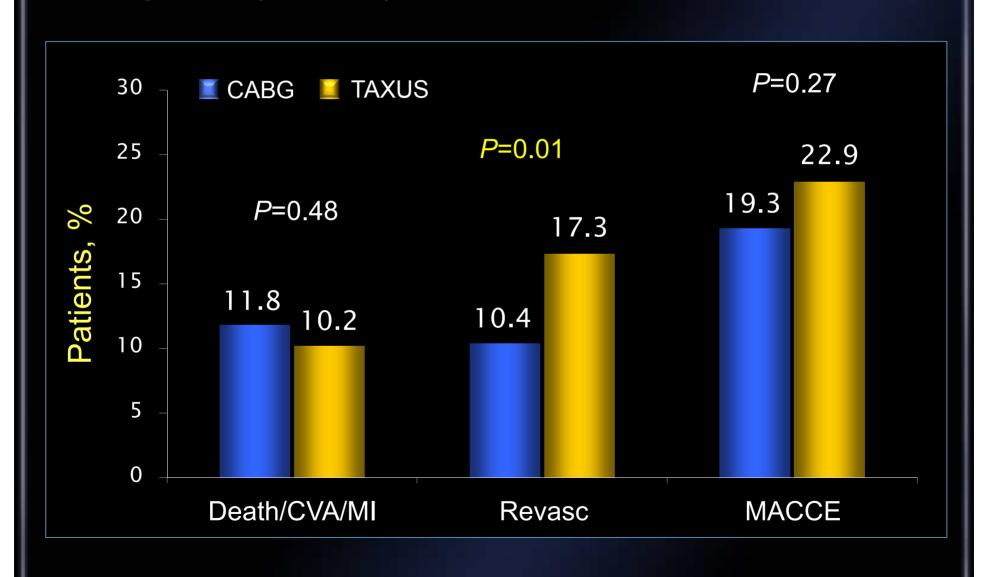
N = 1095

Primary endpoint = death/MI/stroke/repeat revasc at 1 year

Serruys PW et al. NEJM 2009;360:961-72

SYNTAX: 2 Year Outcomes in the LM Subgroup (N=705)



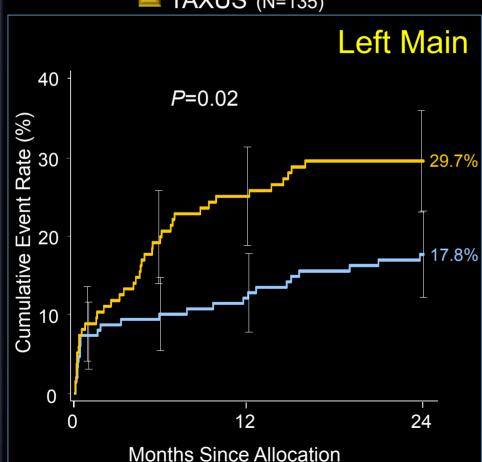


MACCE to <u>2 Years</u> by SYNTAX Score Tercile *Left Main SYNTAX Score* ≥33





TAXUS (N=135)



	CABG	PCI	<i>P</i> –value
Death	4.1%	10.4%	0.04
CVA	4.2%	0.8%	0.08
MI	6.1%	8.4%	0.48
Death, CVA or MI	11.5%	15.6%	0.32
Revasc.	9.2%	21.8%	0.003

Cumulative KM Event Rate ± 1.5 SE; log-rank P value

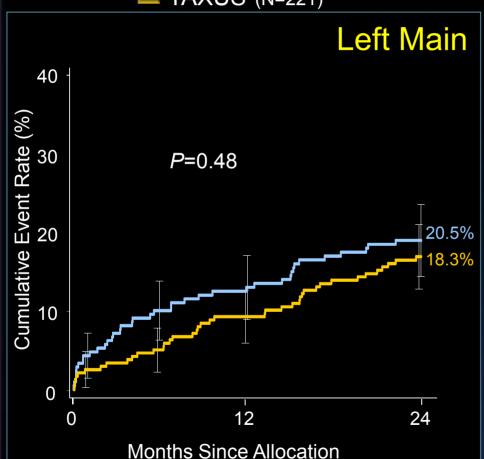
Site-reported data; ITT population

MACCE to 2 Years by SYNTAX Score Tercile *Left Main SYNTAX Scores 0-32*





TAXUS (N=221)



	CABG	PCI	<i>P</i> –value
Death	7.9%	2.7%	0.02
CVA	3.3%	0.9%	0.09
MI	2.6%	3.8%	0.59
Death, CVA or MI	12.1%	6.9%	0.06
Revasc.	11.4%	14.3%	0.44

Cumulative KM Event Rate ± 1.5 SE; log-rank P value

Site-reported Data; ITT population

ACC/AHA Guidelines Post SYNTAX

IIb

3

Stenting of the LMCA as an alternative to CABG may be considered in pts with anatomic conditions that are associated with a low risk of PCI procedural complications and clinical conditions that predict an increased risk of adverse surgical outcomes

Ilb = "may or might be considered; may or might be reasonable; usefulness/effectiveness is unknown/unclear/uncertain or not well established"

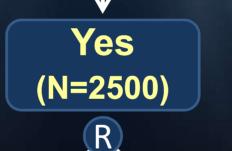
What Would an Informative Trial of Left Main DES vs. CABG Look Like?

- It wouldn't be an all-comers trial!
 - Exclude pts who clearly should go to CABG, e.g. high SYNTAX scores
- Optimize PCI technique
 - Pre-specify when/how to use IVUS, staged procedures, RX of distal bifurcation, no routine angio FU, etc.
 - Use the best stent and adjunctive pharmacology
- Optimize CABG technique
 - Minimize waiting time to CABG, maximize pan-arterial revascularization, adjunctive pharmacology, etc.
- Use a meaningful 1º endpoint: Death, CVA or MI
- ~2500 randomized pts

EXCEL: Study Design

4000 pts with left main disease

SYNTAX score ≤32
Consensus agreement by heart team



→ No

(N=1500)

PCI (Xience Prime) (N=1250) **CABG** (N=1250)

Clinical follow-up: 30 days, 6 months, yearly through 5 years

EXCEL: Inclusion Criteria

- Significant LM ds. by heart team consensus
 - Angiographic DS ≥70%, or
 - Angiographic DS ≥50% to <70% with
 - a markedly positive noninvasive study, and/or
 - IVUS MLA < 6.0 mm², and/or
 - FFR < 0.80
- Clinical and anatomic eligibility for both PCI and CABG by heart team consensus
- Silent ischemia, stable angina, unstable angina or recent MI

EXCEL: Clinical Exclusion Criteria

- Prior PCI within 1 year, or prior LM PCI anytime
- Prior CABG anytime
- Need for any cardiac surgery other than CABG
- Additional surgery required within 1 year
- Unable to tolerate, obtain or comply with dual antiplatelet therapy for 1 year
- Non cardiac co-morbidities with life expectancy < 3 years
- Clinical equipoise not present



- Left main DS <50% (visually assessed)
- SYNTAX score ≥33
- Left main RVD < 2.25 mm or > 4.5 mm

EXCEL: Use of XIENCE Prime



EXCEL: Endpoints

- Primary endpoint: Death, MI, or stroke at median follow-up of 3 years
- Major secondary endpoint: Death, MI, stroke or unplanned revascularization at median follow-up of 3 years
 - Power analysis: Both endpoints are powered for sequential noninferiority and superiority testing
- Quality of life and cost-effectiveness assessments: At regular intervals

EXCEL: Organization (i)

Academically driven study; 50% interventionalists, 50% cardiac surgeons

- Principal Investigators:
 - Interventional: Patrick W. Serruys, Gregg W. Stone
 - Surgical: A. Pieter Kappetein, Joseph F. Sabik
- Executive Operations Committee:
 - 4 principal investigators, Peter-Paul Kint, Martin B.
 Leon, Alexandra Lansky, Roxana Mehran, Marie-Angèle
 Morel, Chuck Simonton, David Taggart, Lynn Vandertie,
 Gerrit-Anne van Es, Jessie Coe, Poornima Sood, Ali
 Akavand, Krishnankutty Sudhir, Thomas Engels
- Optimal Therapy Committee Chairs
 - PCI: Martin B. Leon
 - Surgery: David Taggart
 - Medical: Bernard Gersh

EXCEL: Organization (ii)

- Countries and Country Leaders (PCI and CABG)
 - United States: David Kandzari and John Puskas
 - Europe (10): Marie-Claude Morice and David Taggart
 - Brazil: Alex Abizaid and Luis Carlos Bento Sousa
 - Argentina: Jorge Belardi and Daniel Navia
 - Canada: Erick Schampaert and Marc Ruel
 - S. Korea: Seung-Jung Park and Jay-Won Lee
- Statistical Committee
 - Stuart Pocock, Chair
- Data Safety and Monitoring Board
 - Lars Wallentin, Chair
- Academic Research Organizations
 - Cardiovascular Research Foundation and Cardialysis
- Sponsor: Abbott Vascular

EXCEL: Status

- After 12 months of preparation the protocol is finalized
- The site selection process is underway
- FDA meetings and global regulatory submissions are being prepared
- First patient enrolled: 3rd Quarter
 2010

FOR MORE INFORMATION, PLEASE VISIT www.tctconference.com





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